

Evolutionary Computing for Multi-Objective Spatial Optimisation

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Postgraduate Researcher

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Prof. Richard Dawson



Background

- Need to move towards more Resilient and Sustainable Urban areas.
- Conflicting Sustainability Objectives
- Need for localized evidence
- Analytical appreciation of trade-offs.



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Table 1. Examples of Potential Conflicts between Risk and Sustainability efforts (adapted from Dawson, 2011)

Response	Potential Benefit	Potential Negative Impact
Urban Densification	Reduce public transport emissions and better accessibility	Increased urban heat islands and surface run off responsible for flooding
Air conditioning	Reduced heat stress	Increases energy use and consequently emissions
Raising flood defences	Reduce flood frequency	Encourages development in riskier areas
Dispersed development	Reduce flood damage and better quality of life	Increased private vehicle emissions

Dawson, R. J. (2011). "Potential pitfalls on the transition to more sustainable cities and how they might be avoided." *Carbon Management*, 2(2), 175–188.

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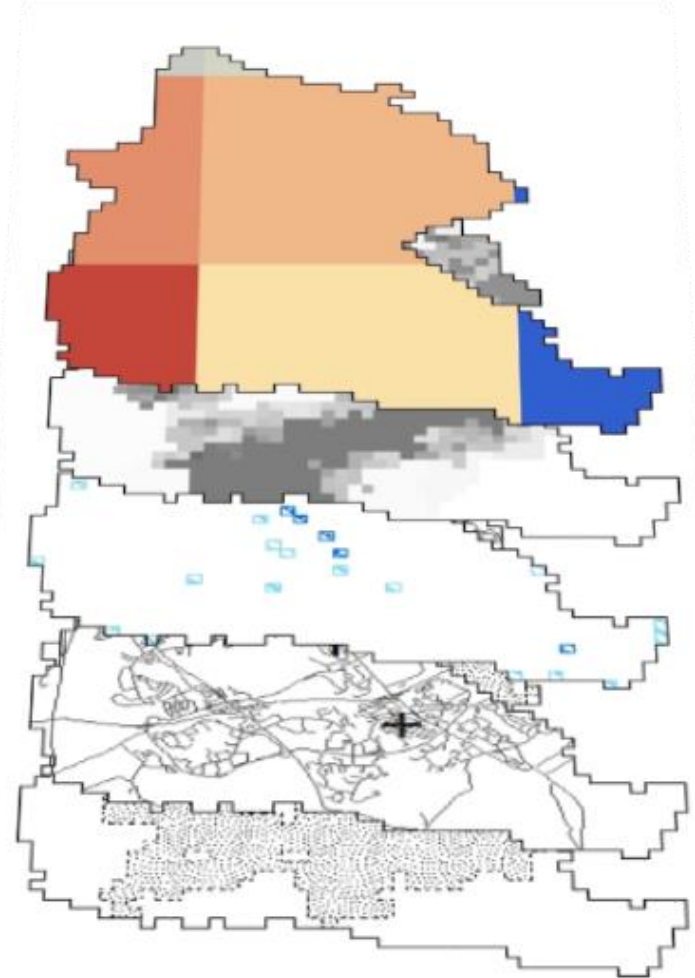


Spatial Optimisation Framework

- Simultaneous Optimization of multiple Sustainability Objectives
- Evolutionary Approach
 - Selection
 - Crossover
 - Mutation
- Pareto-optimal Spatial Plans
 - Domination

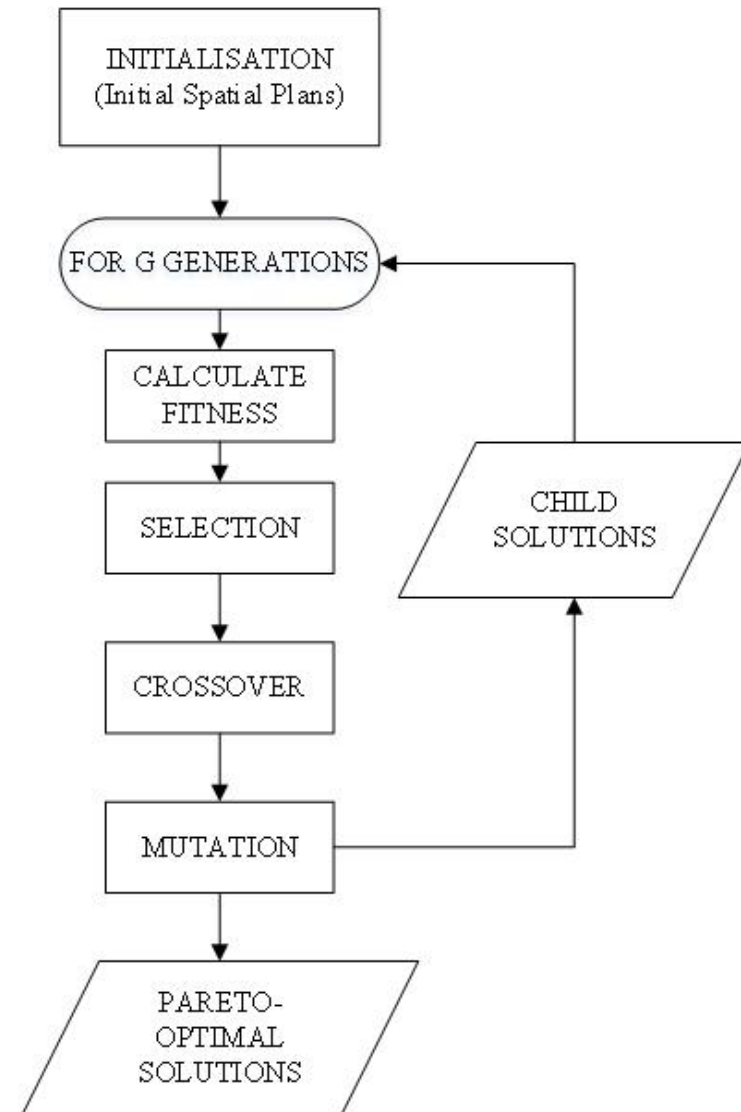
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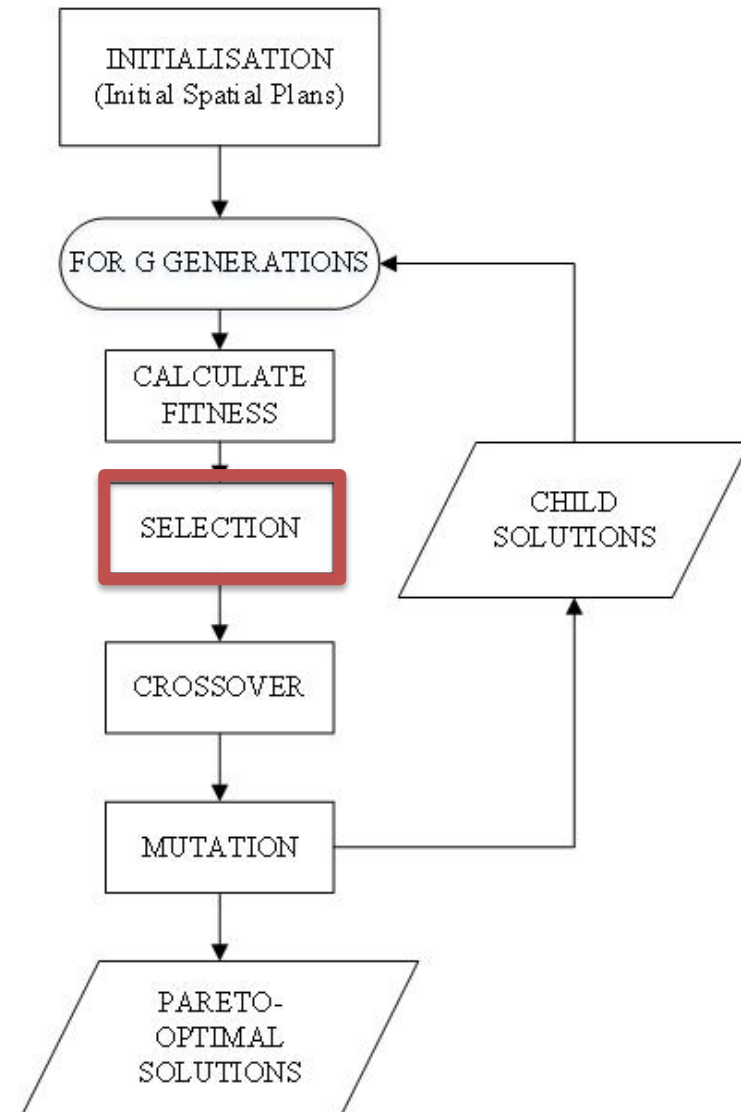
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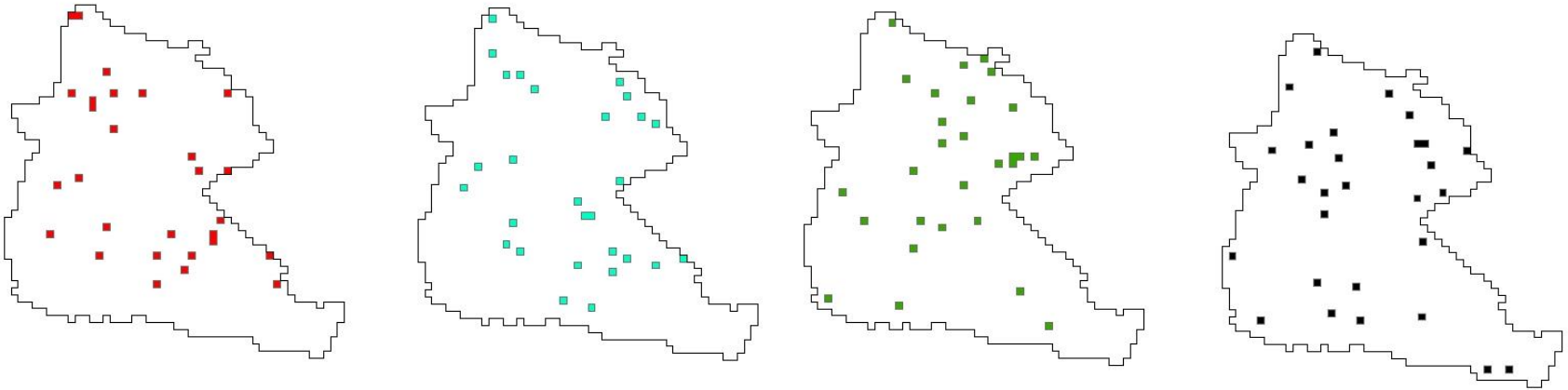


Spatial Optimisation Framework

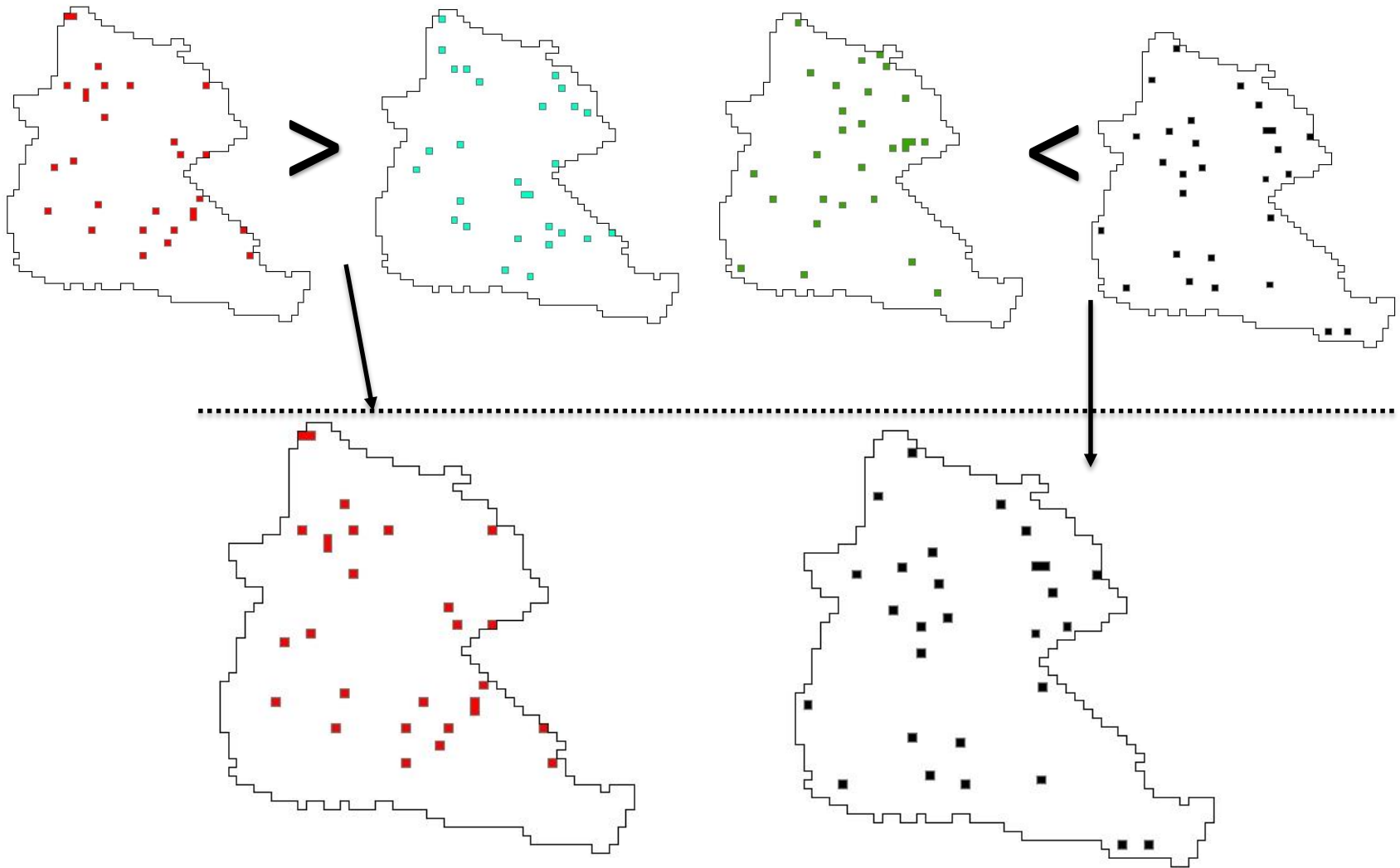
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Selection Operator

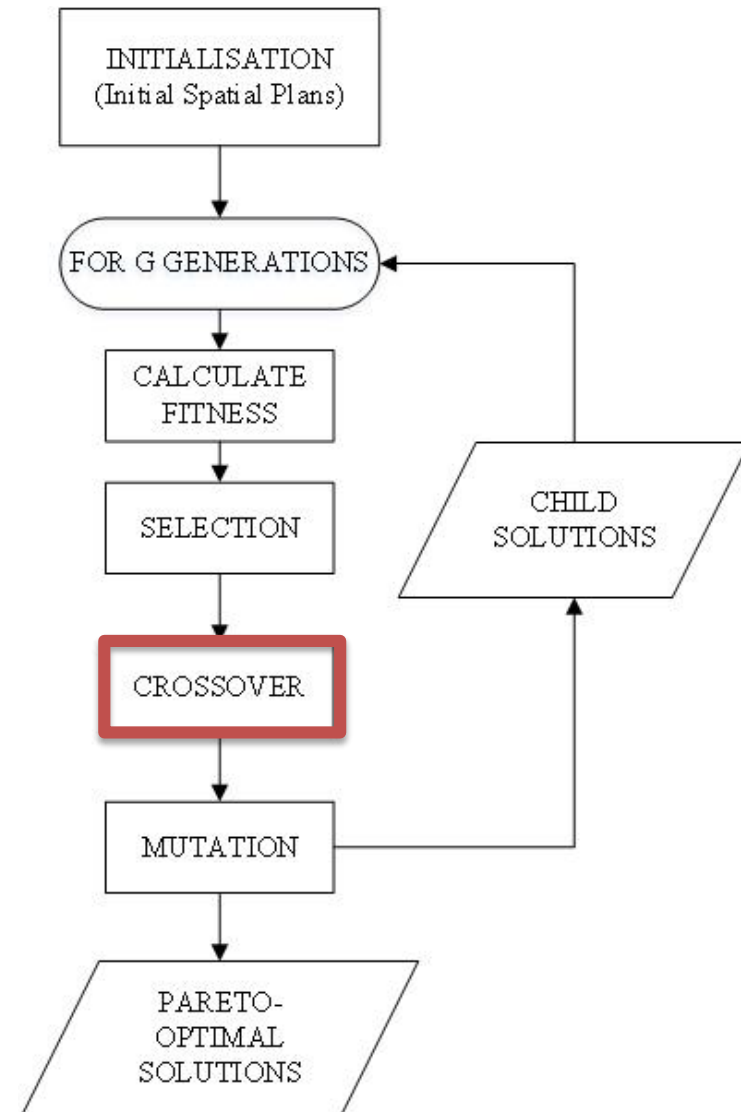


Selection Operator



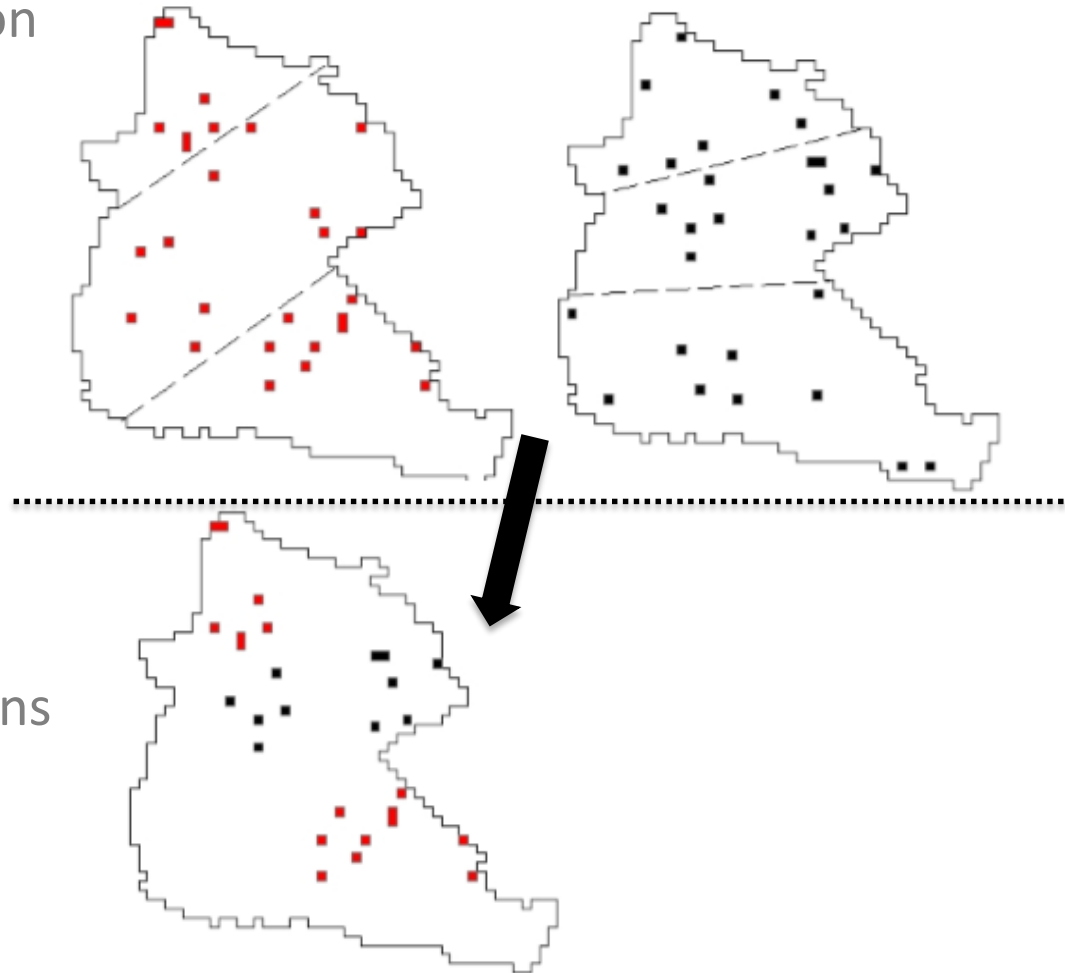
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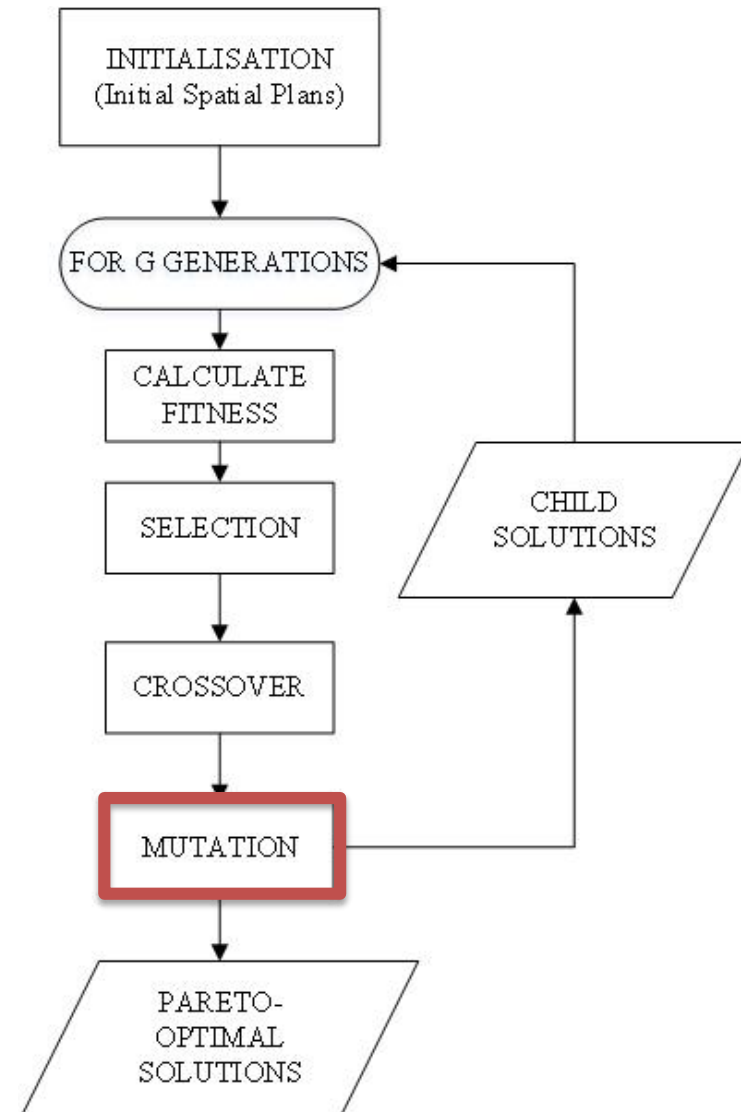
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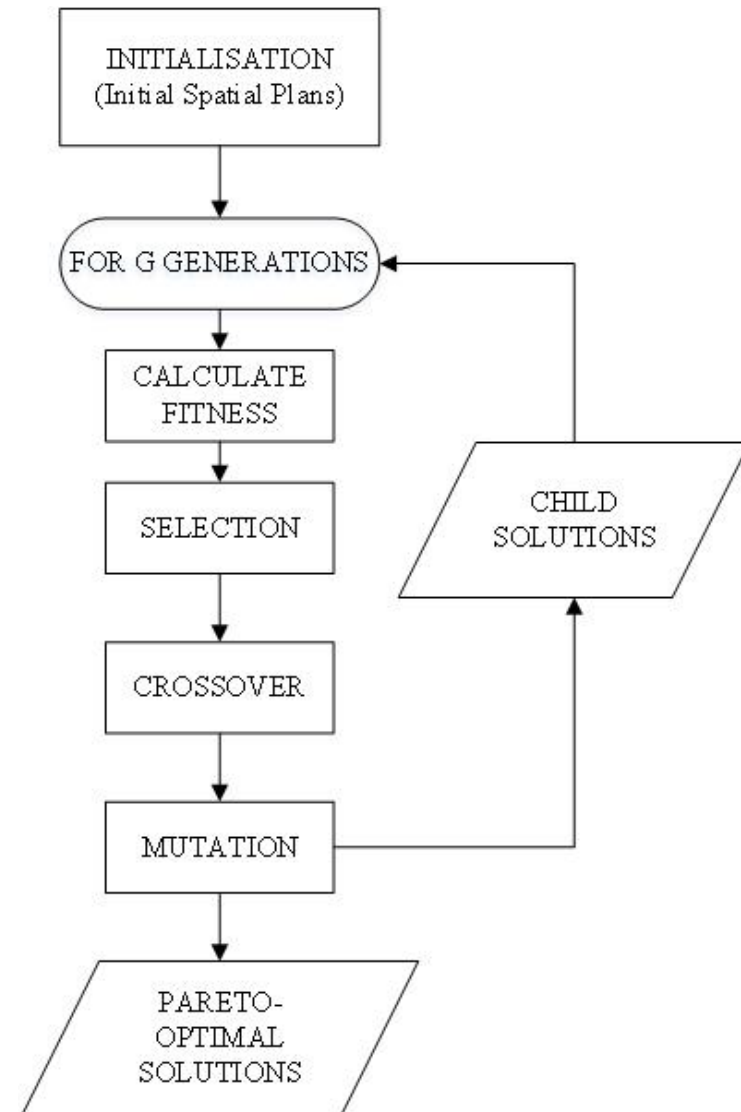
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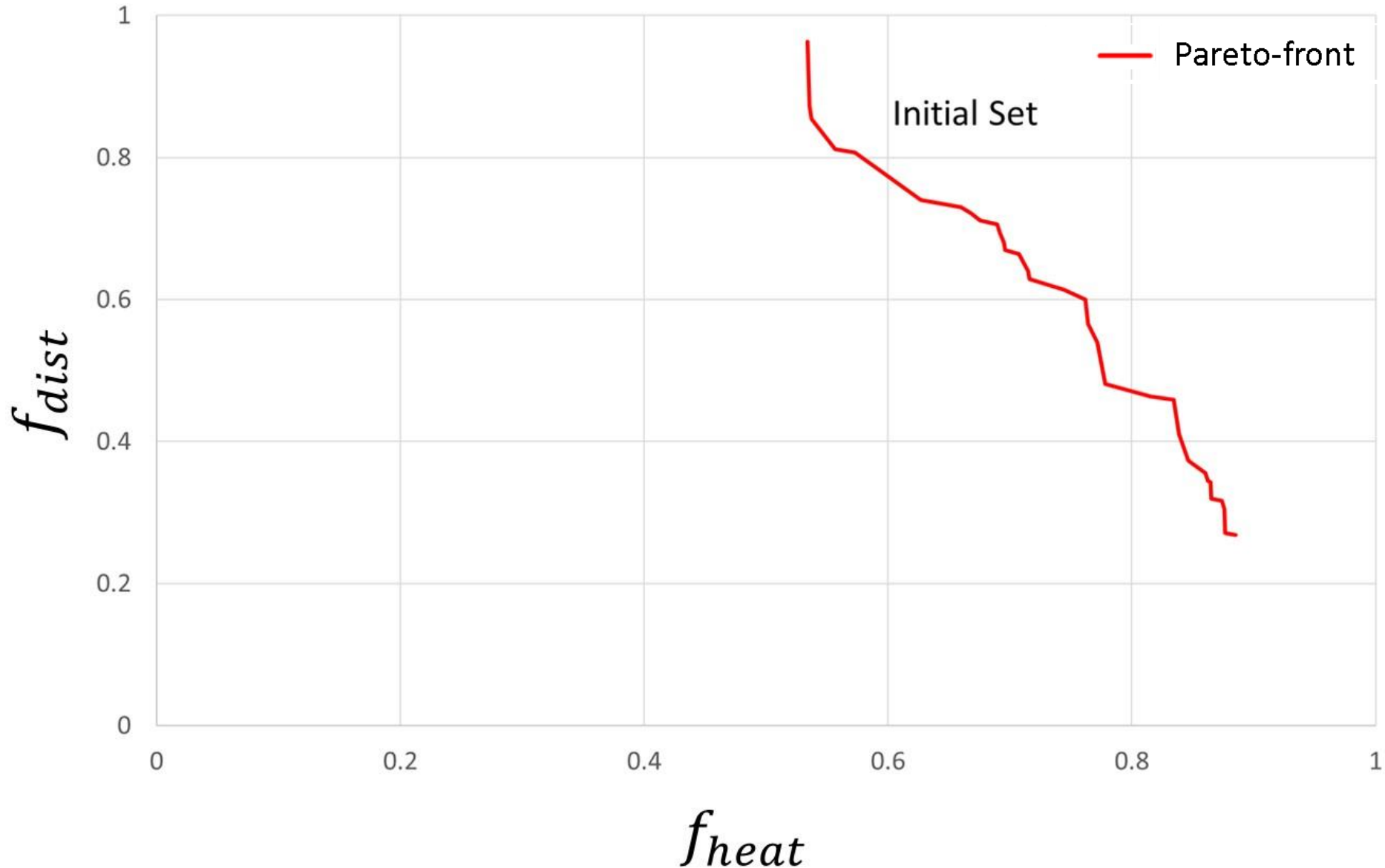


Spatial Optimisation Framework

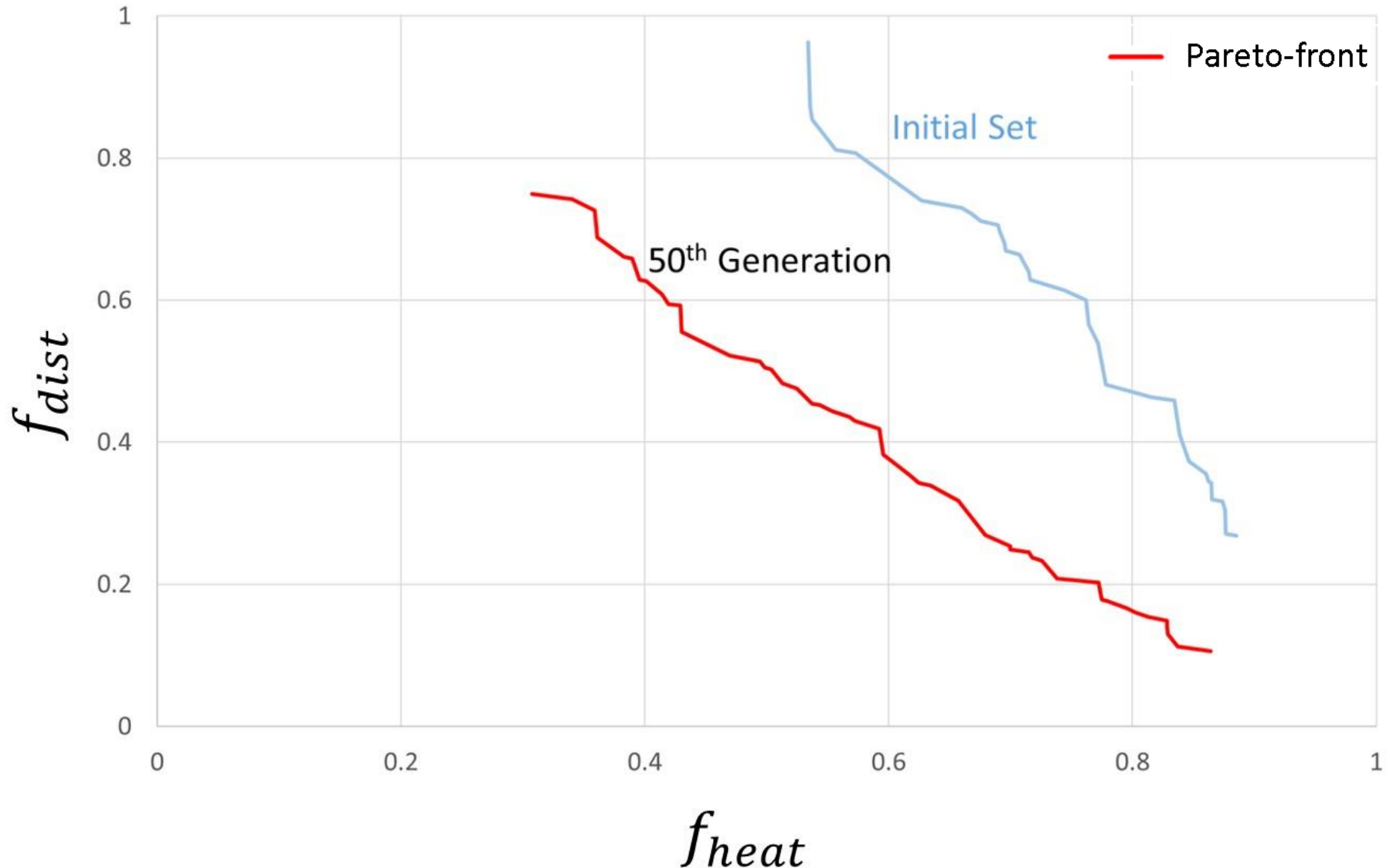
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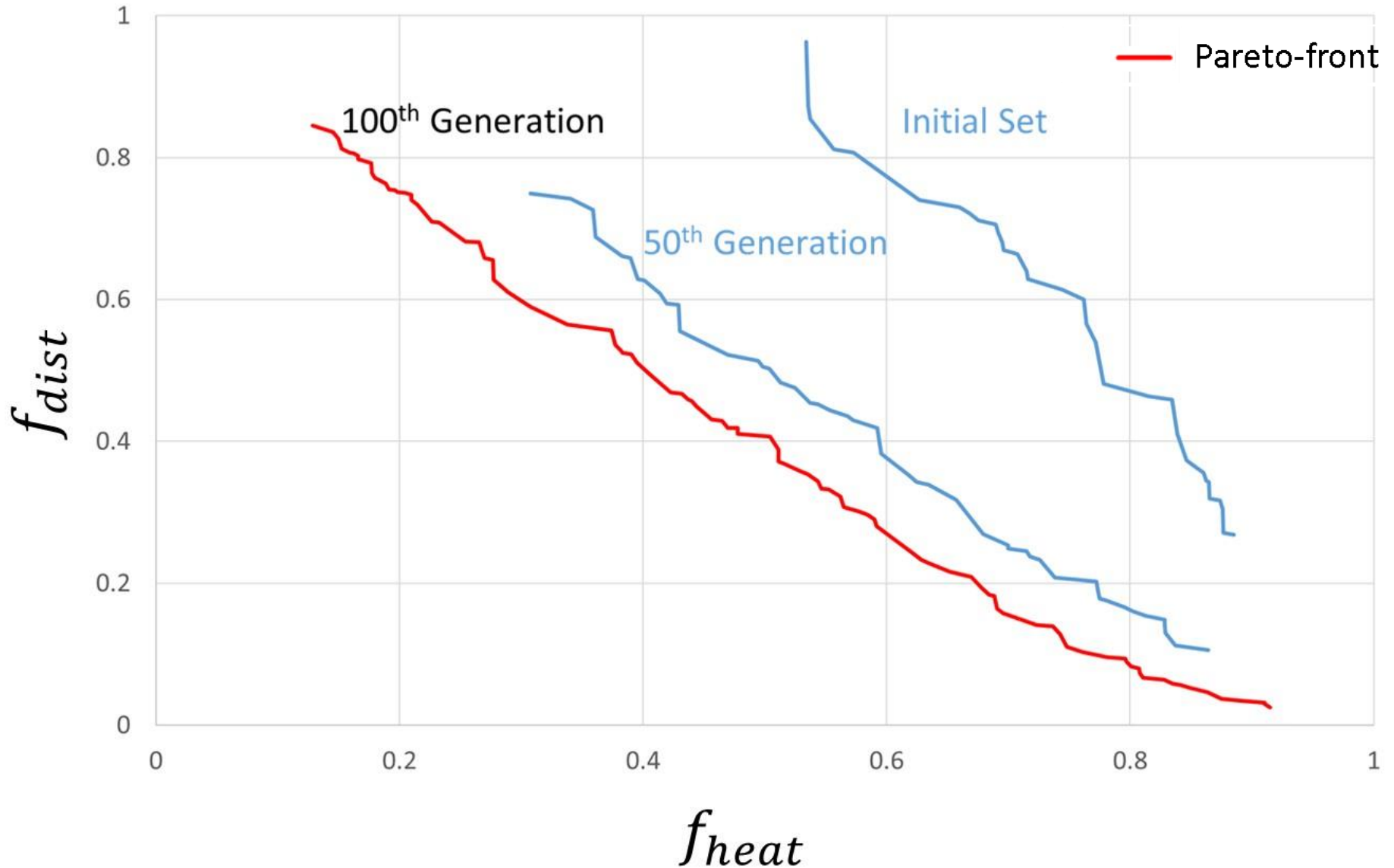
Pareto-Optimisation



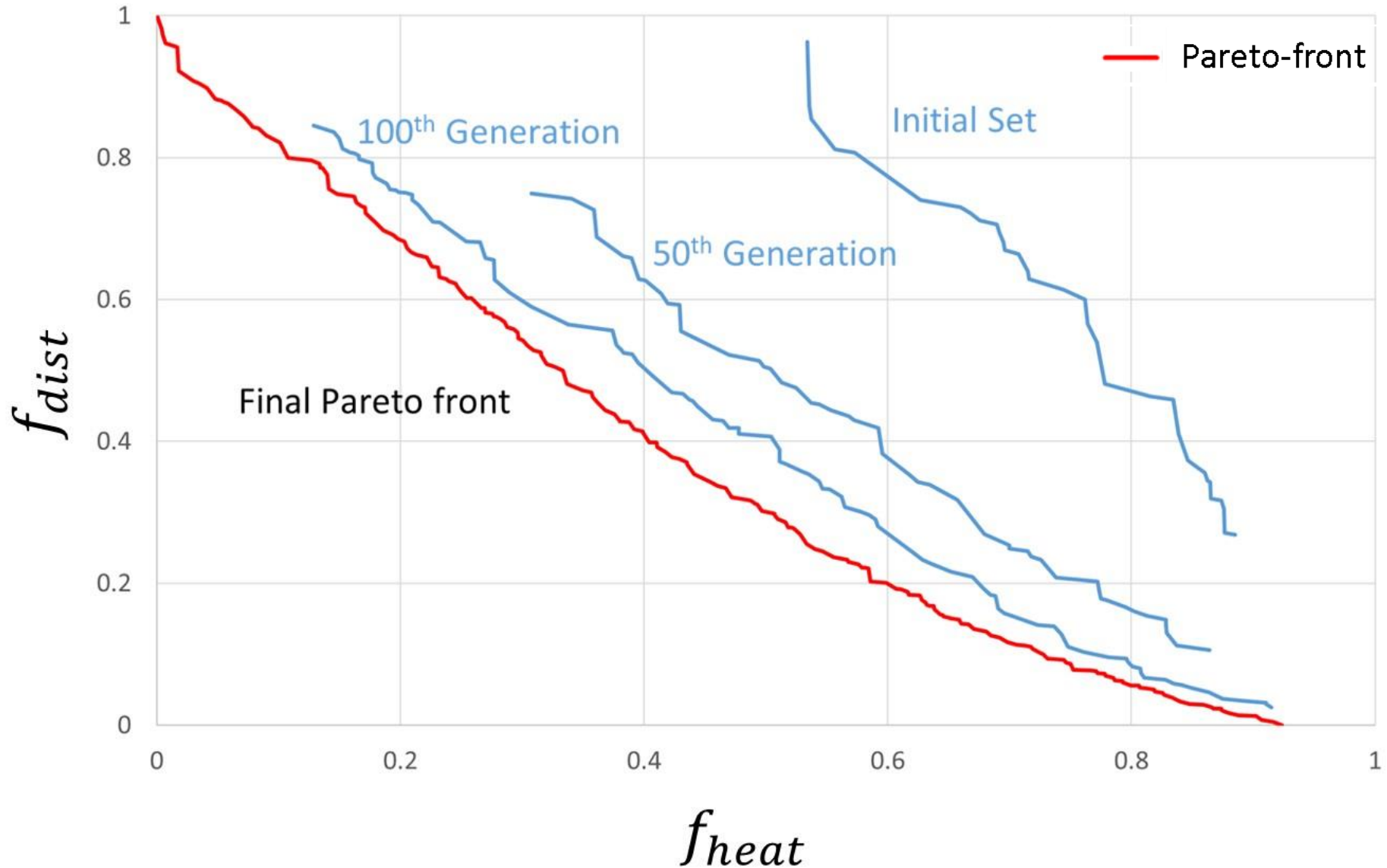
Pareto-Optimisation



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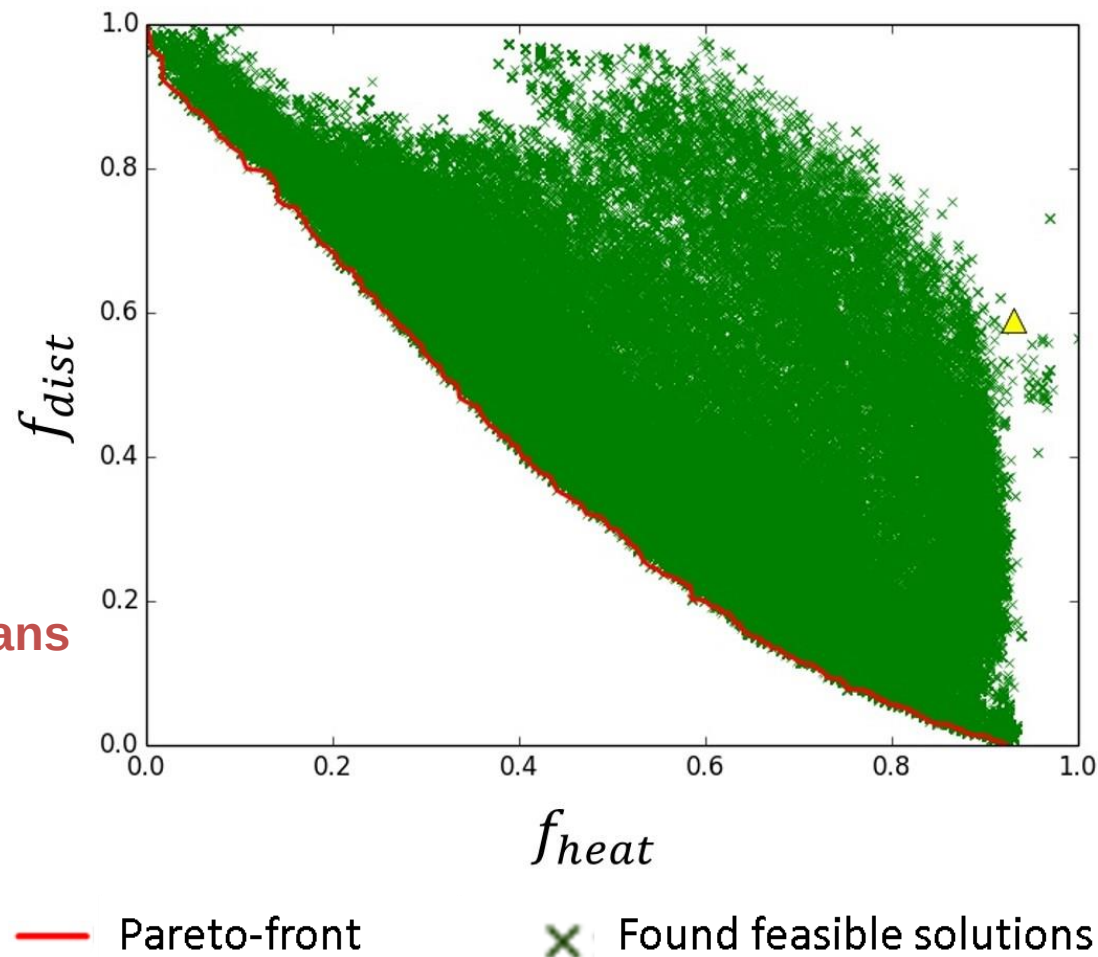


Pareto-Optimisation

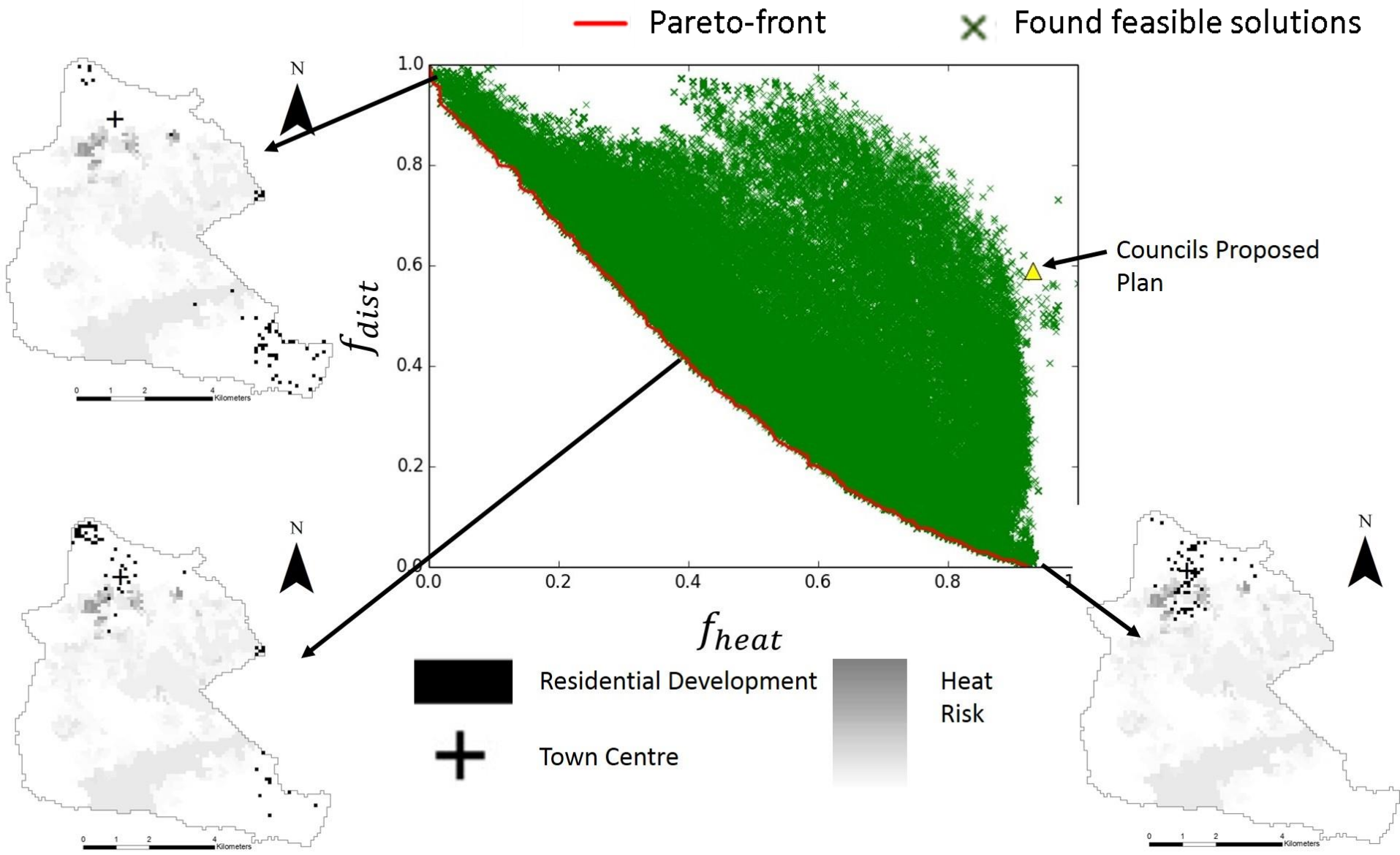


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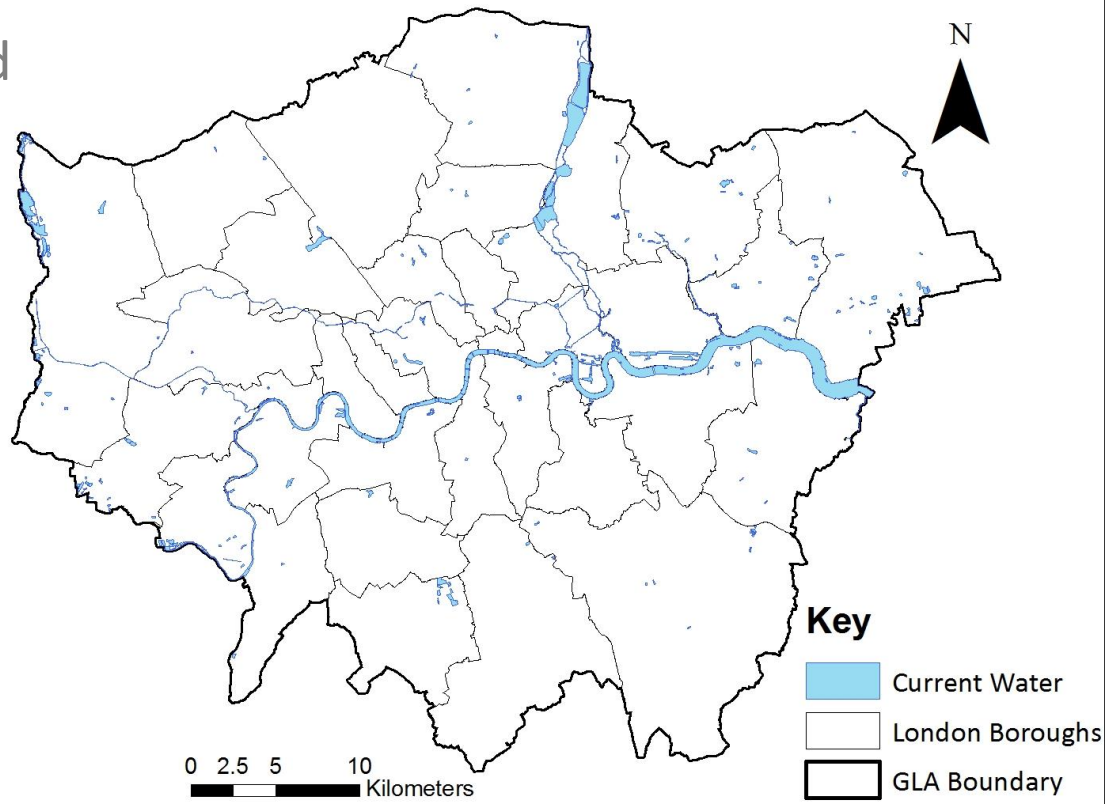


Pareto-optimal Front



London Case Study

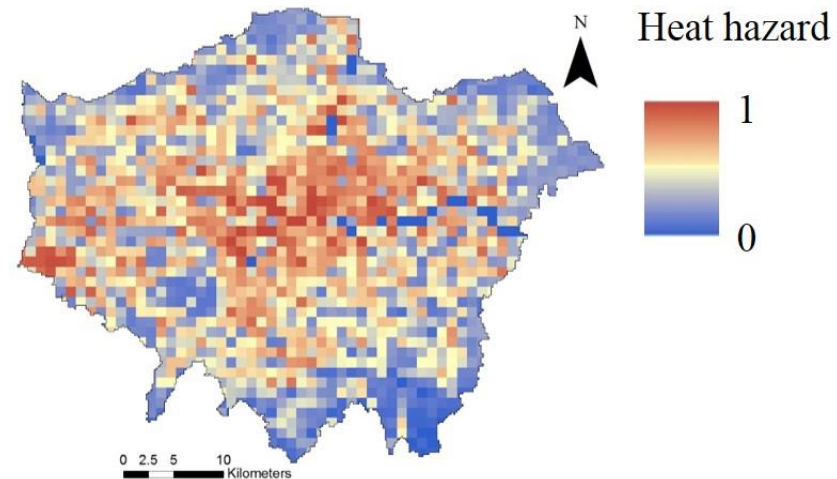
- Complex system
- Increasing Population
- Multiple climate induced Hazards
- Large GHG emitter



London Case Study

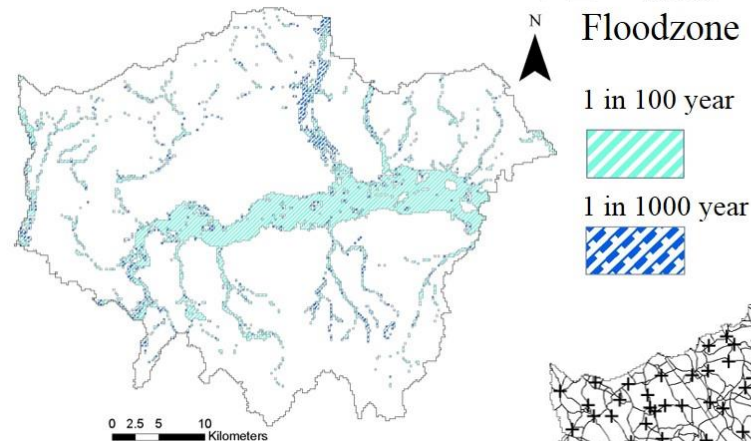
Minimising exposure to extreme heat

- f_{heat}



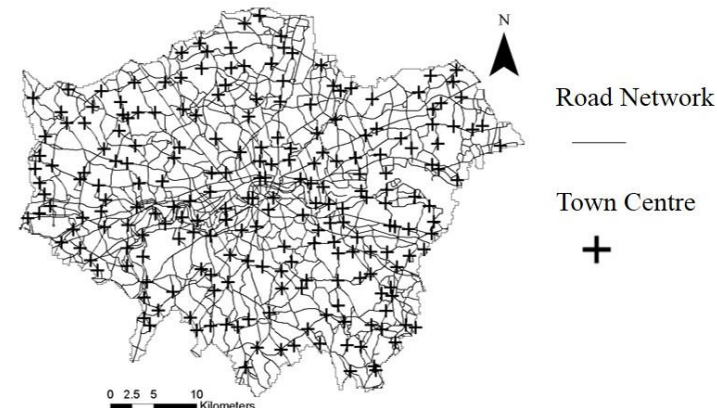
Minimise flood risk

- f_{flood}



Minimise transport emissions

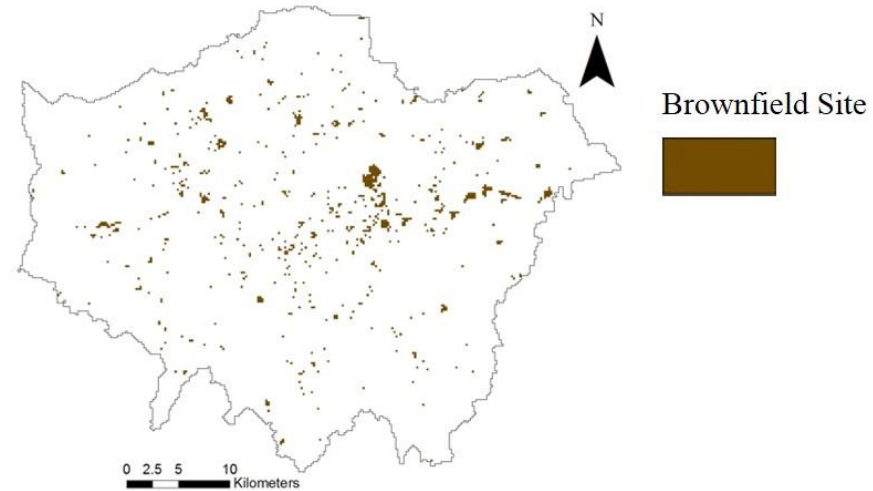
- f_{dist}



London Case Study

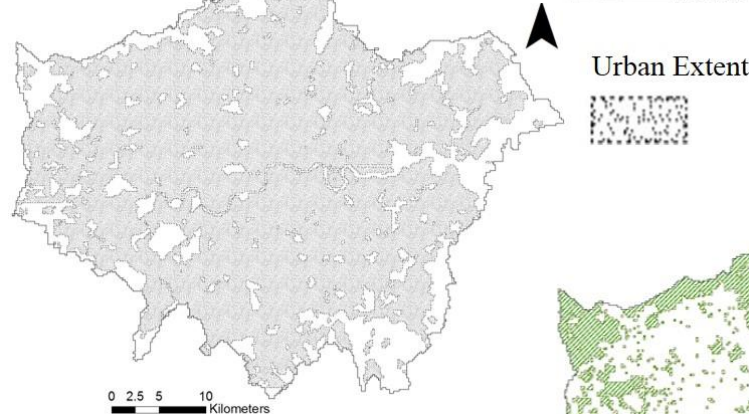
Maximise brownfield development

- $f_{brownfield}$

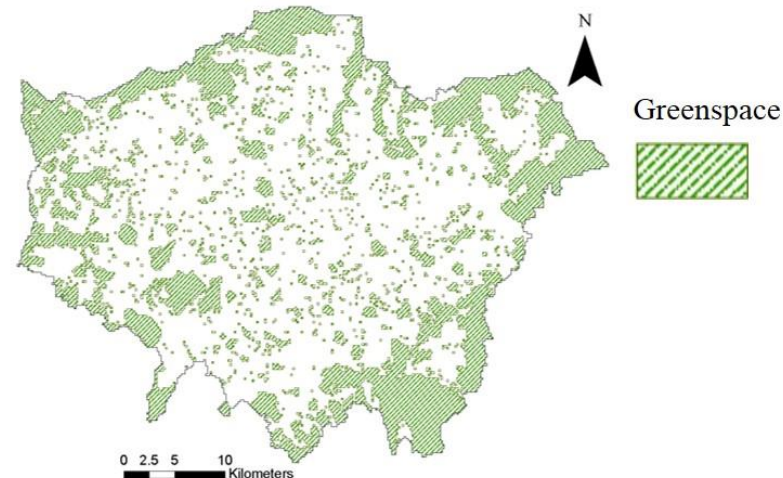


Minimise Urban Sprawl

- f_{sprawl}



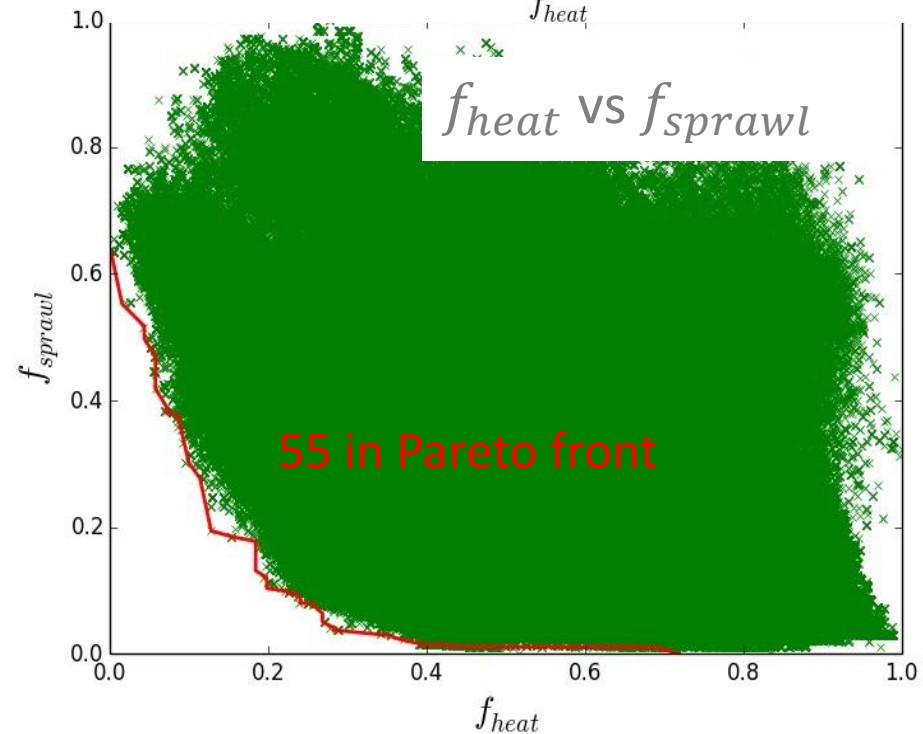
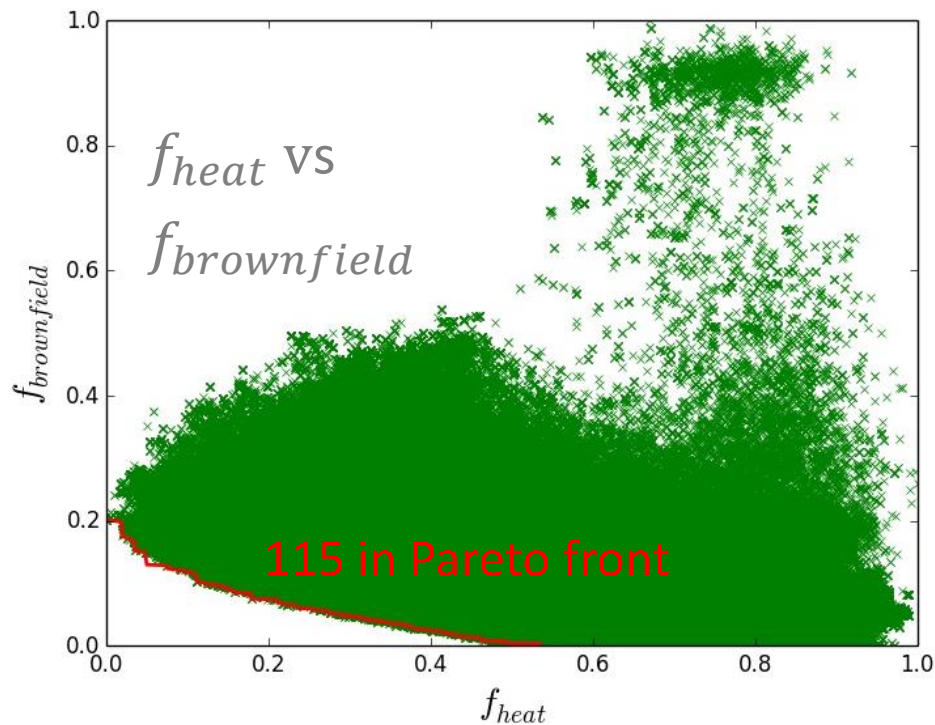
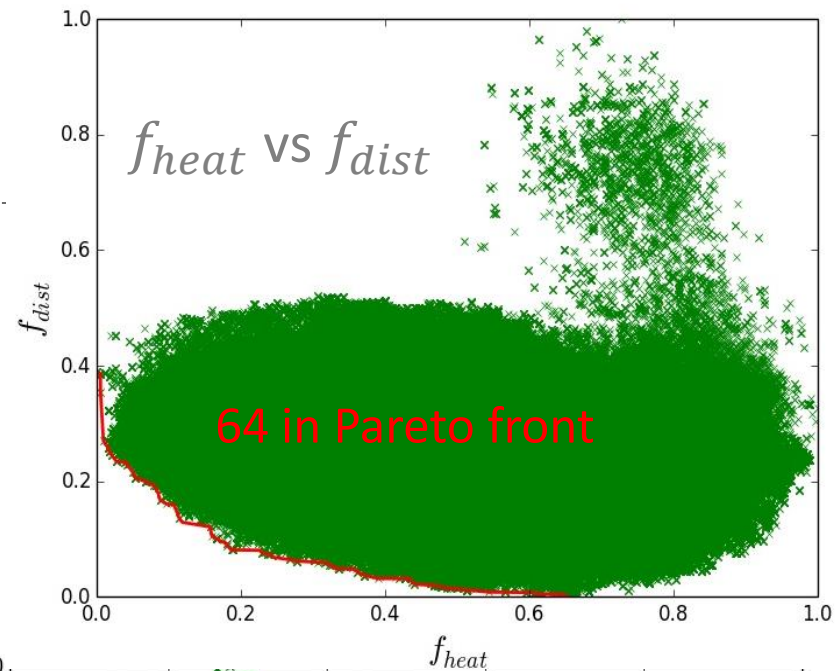
Prevent development of greenspace



Pareto Fronts

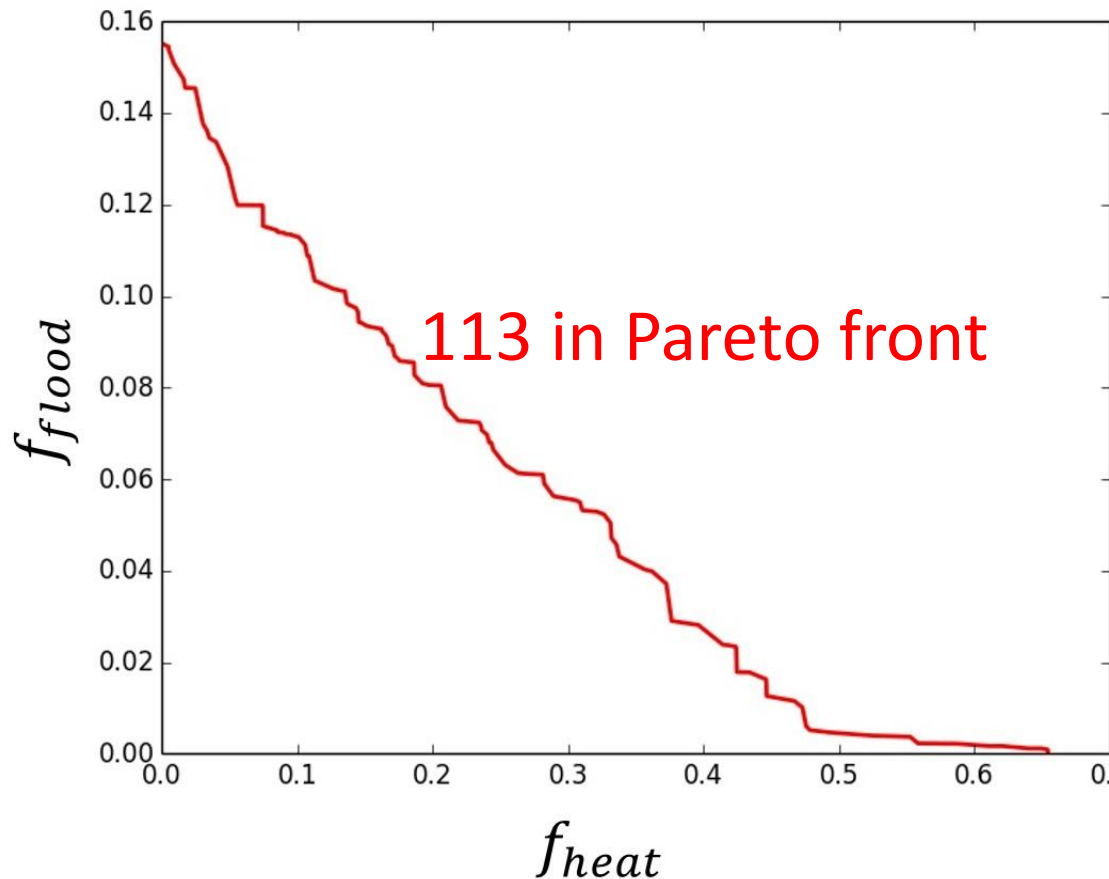
- 890233 Solutions found

— Pareto-front
× Found feasible solutions

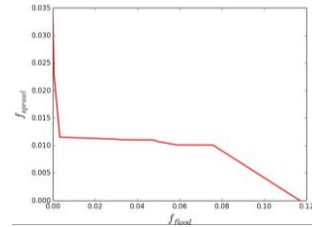


Pareto fronts

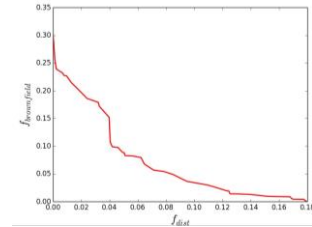
f_{heat} vs f_{flood}



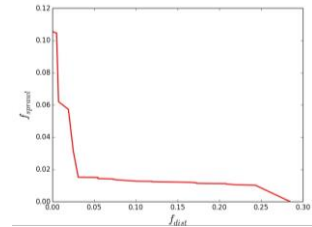
f_{flood} vs f_{sprawl}



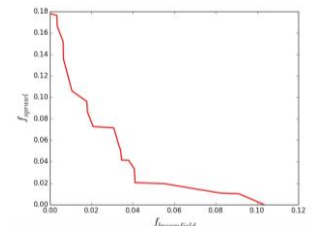
f_{dist} vs $f_{brownfield}$



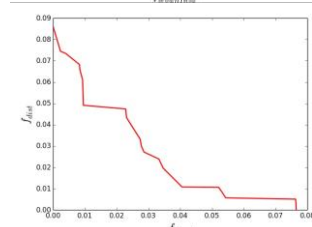
f_{dist} vs f_{sprawl}

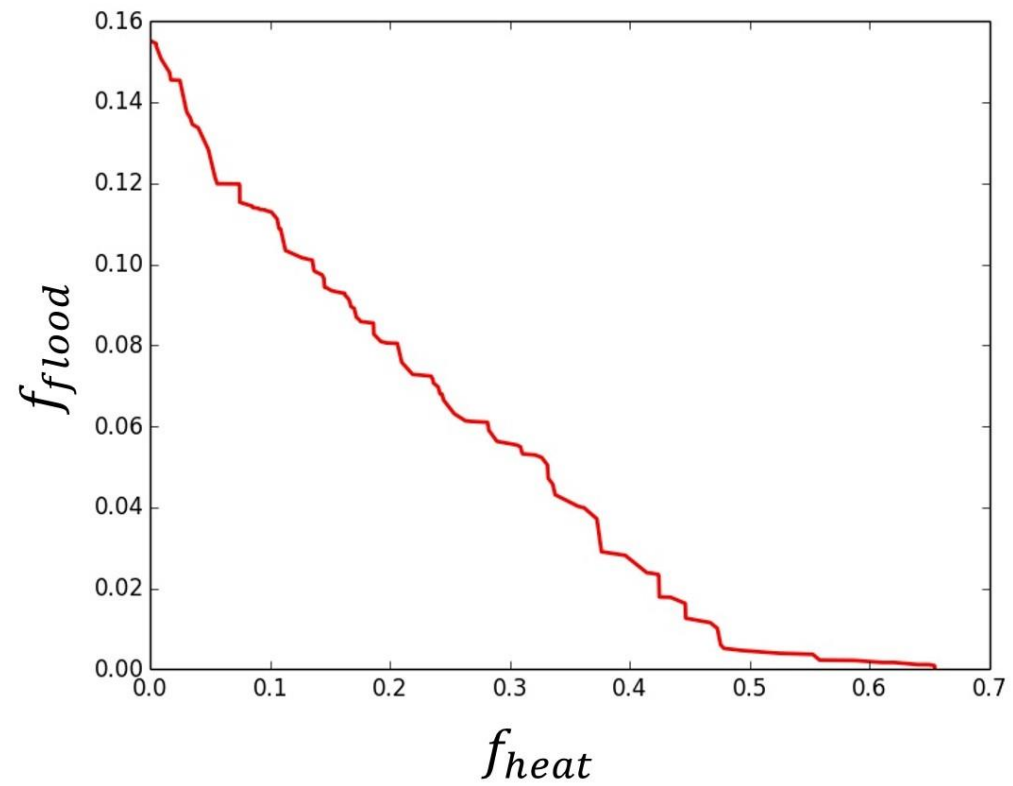


f_{sprawl} vs $f_{brownfield}$

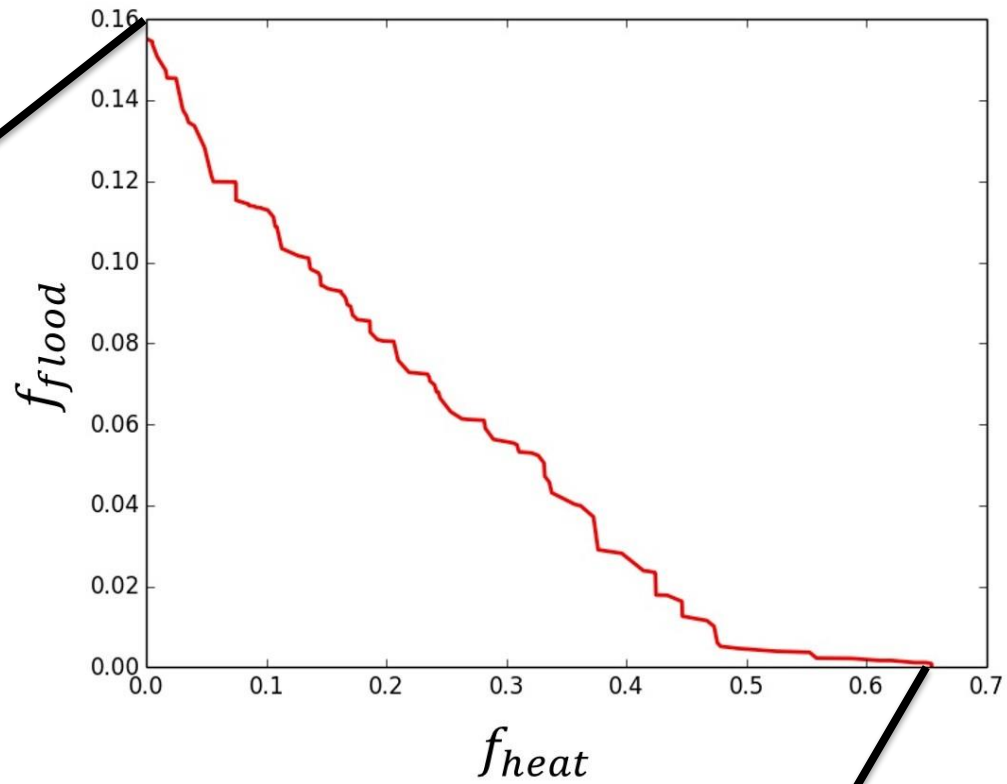
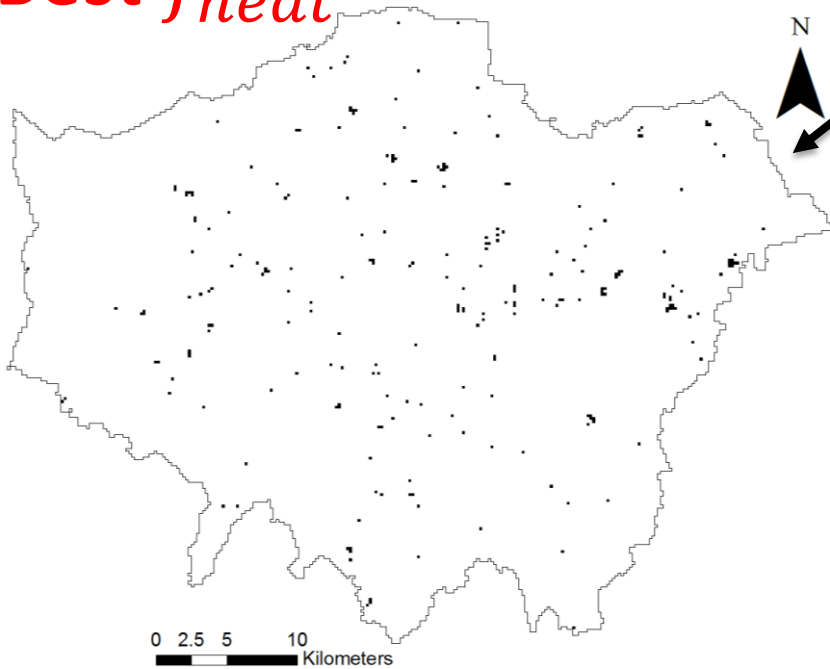


f_{flood} vs f_{dist}





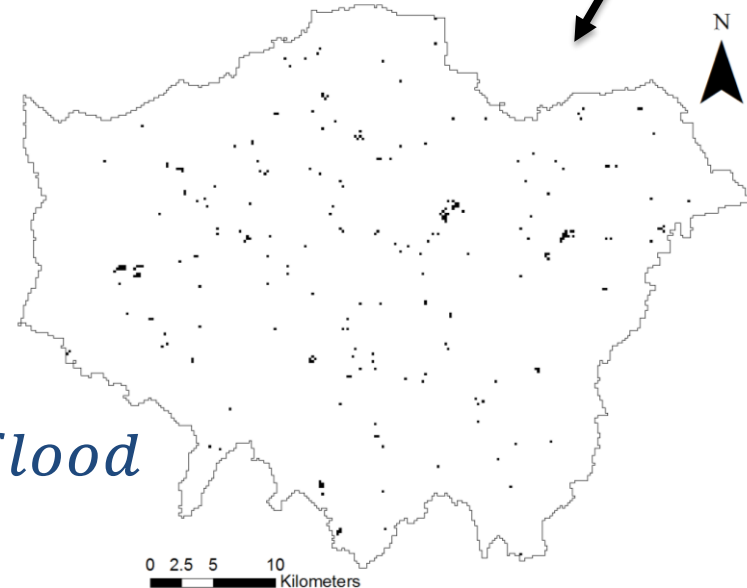
Best f_{heat}

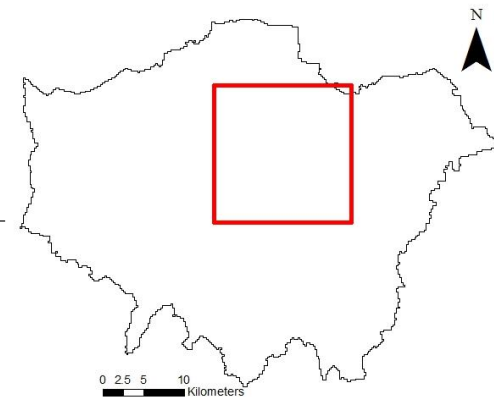


Proposed residential
development (d_{ij})
(varying densities)

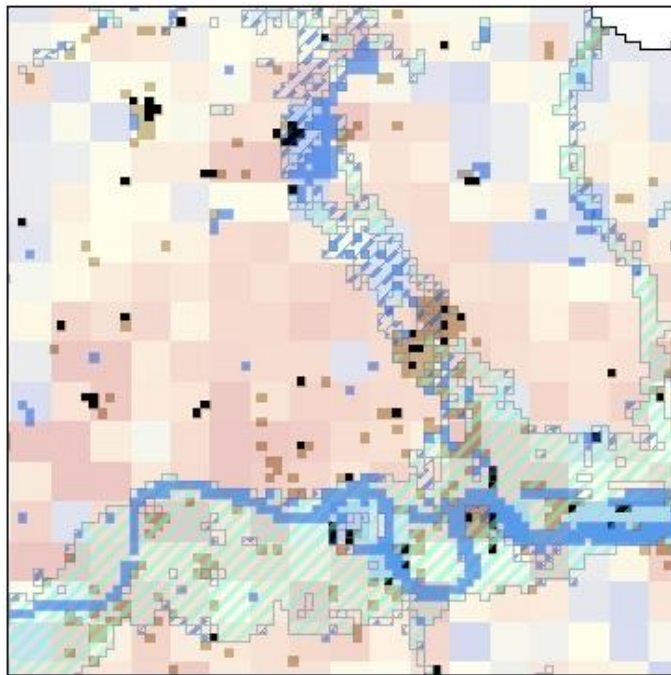


Best f_{flood}

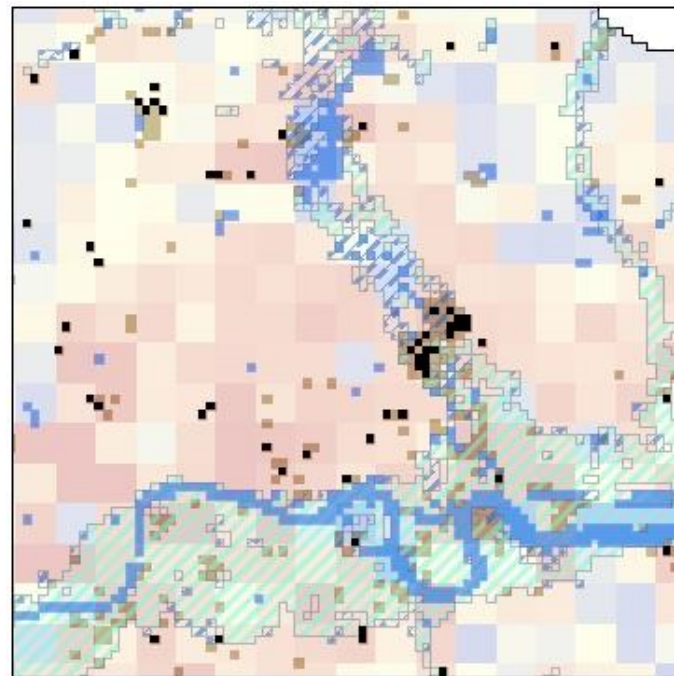




Best f_{heat}



Best f_{flood}



1 in 1000 year Flood zone (z_j)



1 in 100 year Flood zone (z_j)



Brownfield (b_j)



Proposed residential development (d_{ij}) (varying densities)

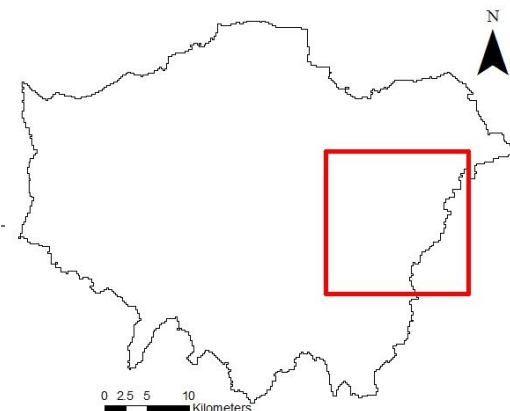
Hazard

(h_{ij})

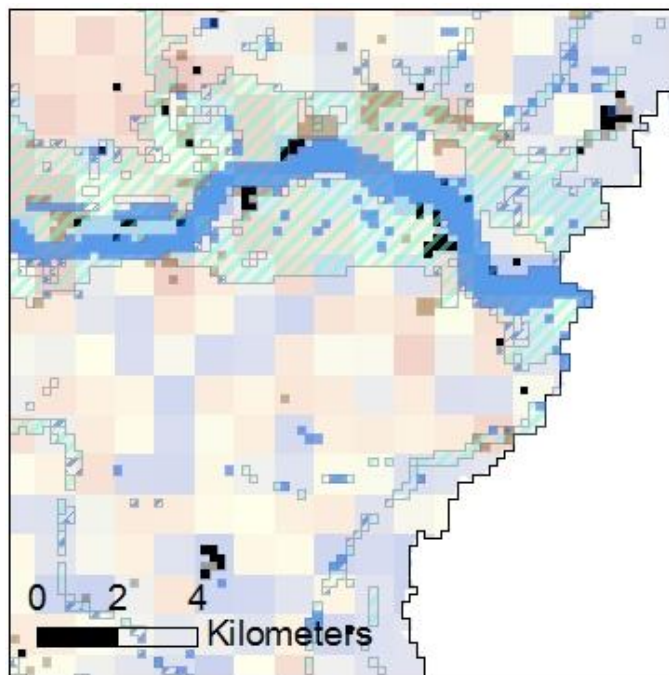


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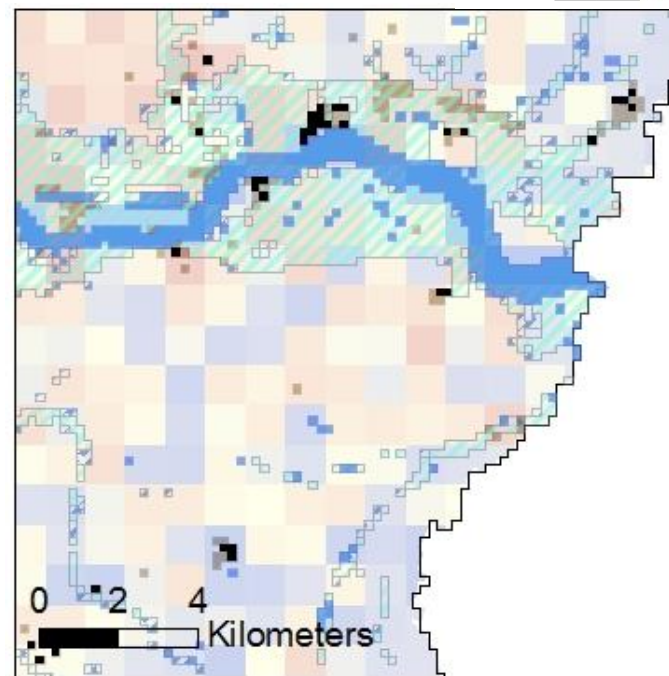
0



Best f_{heat}



Best f_{flood}



1 in 1000 year Flood zone (z_j)



1 in 100 year Flood zone (Z_j)



Brownfield (b_j)



Proposed residential
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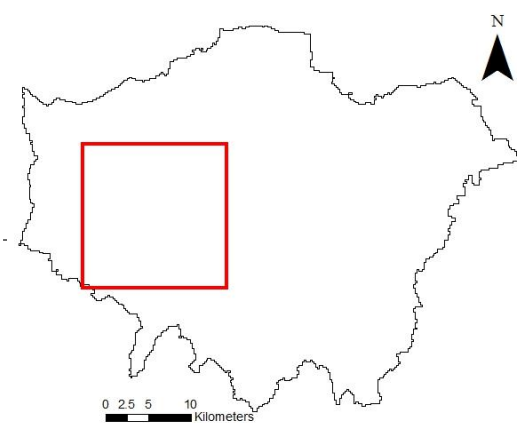
Hazard

(h_{ij})

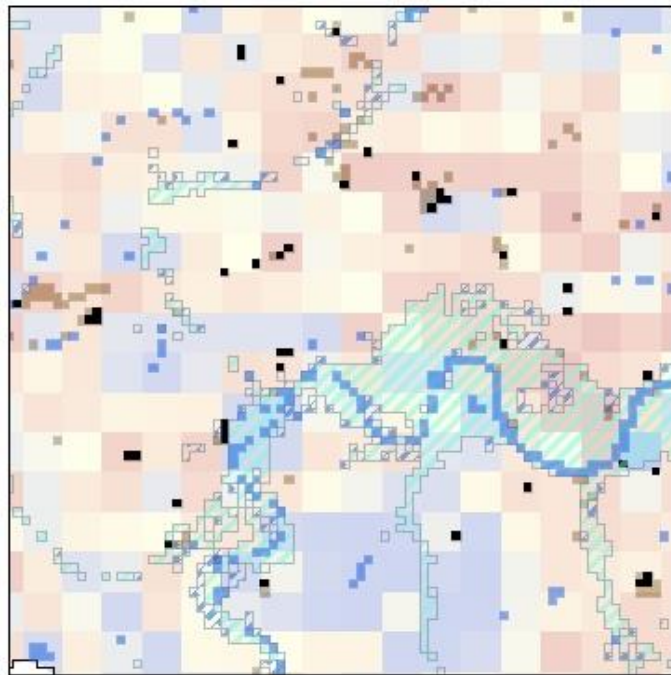


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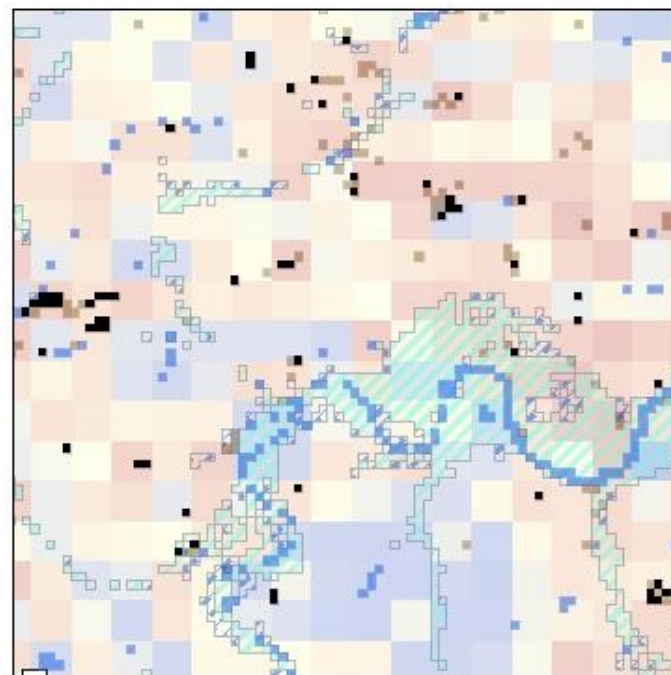
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Best f_{heat}



Best f_{flood}



1 in 1000 year Flood zone (z_j)



1 in 100 year Flood zone (z_j)



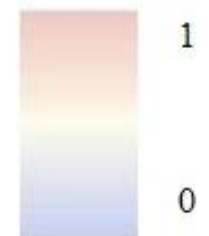
Brownfield (b_j)



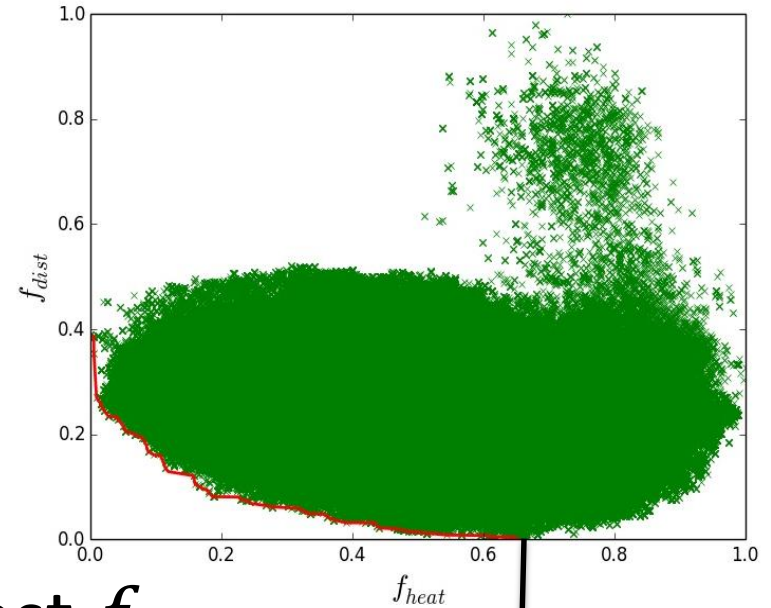
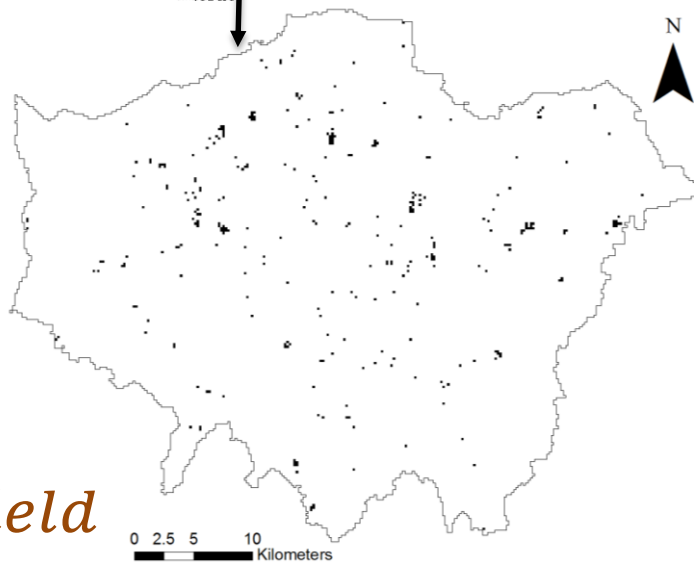
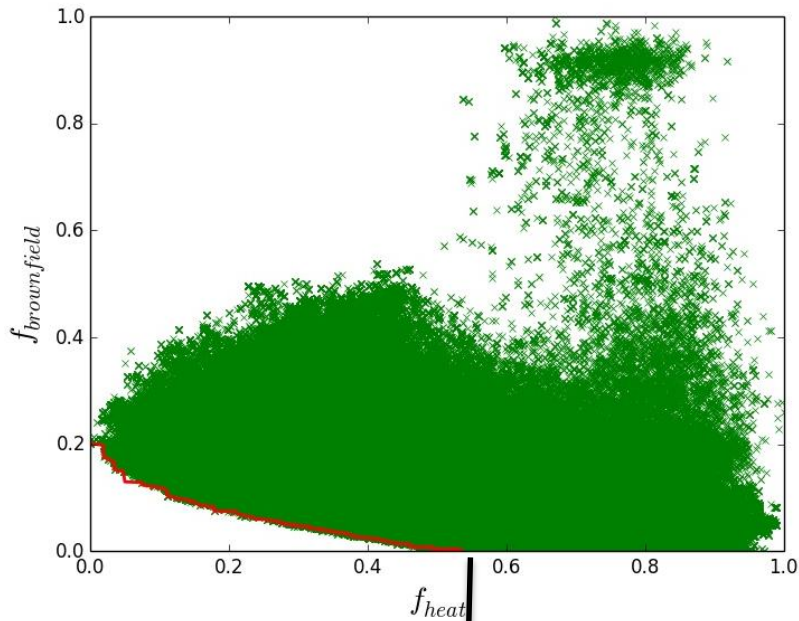
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(varying densities)

Hazard

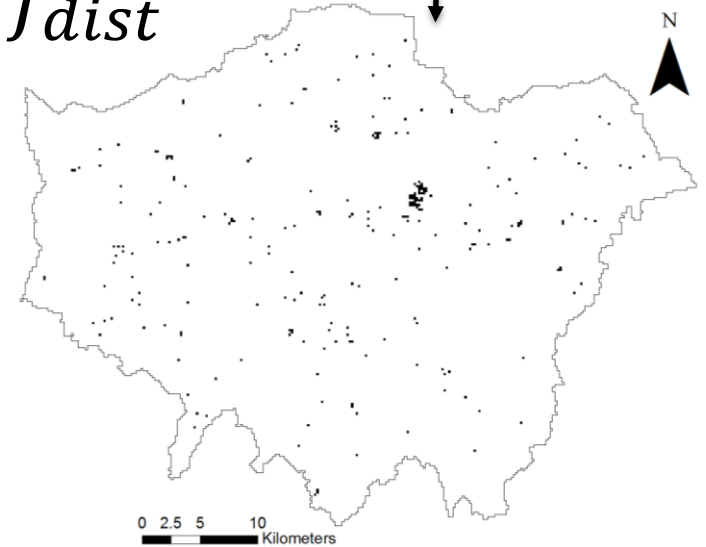
(h_{ij})



Pareto-Optimal Plans

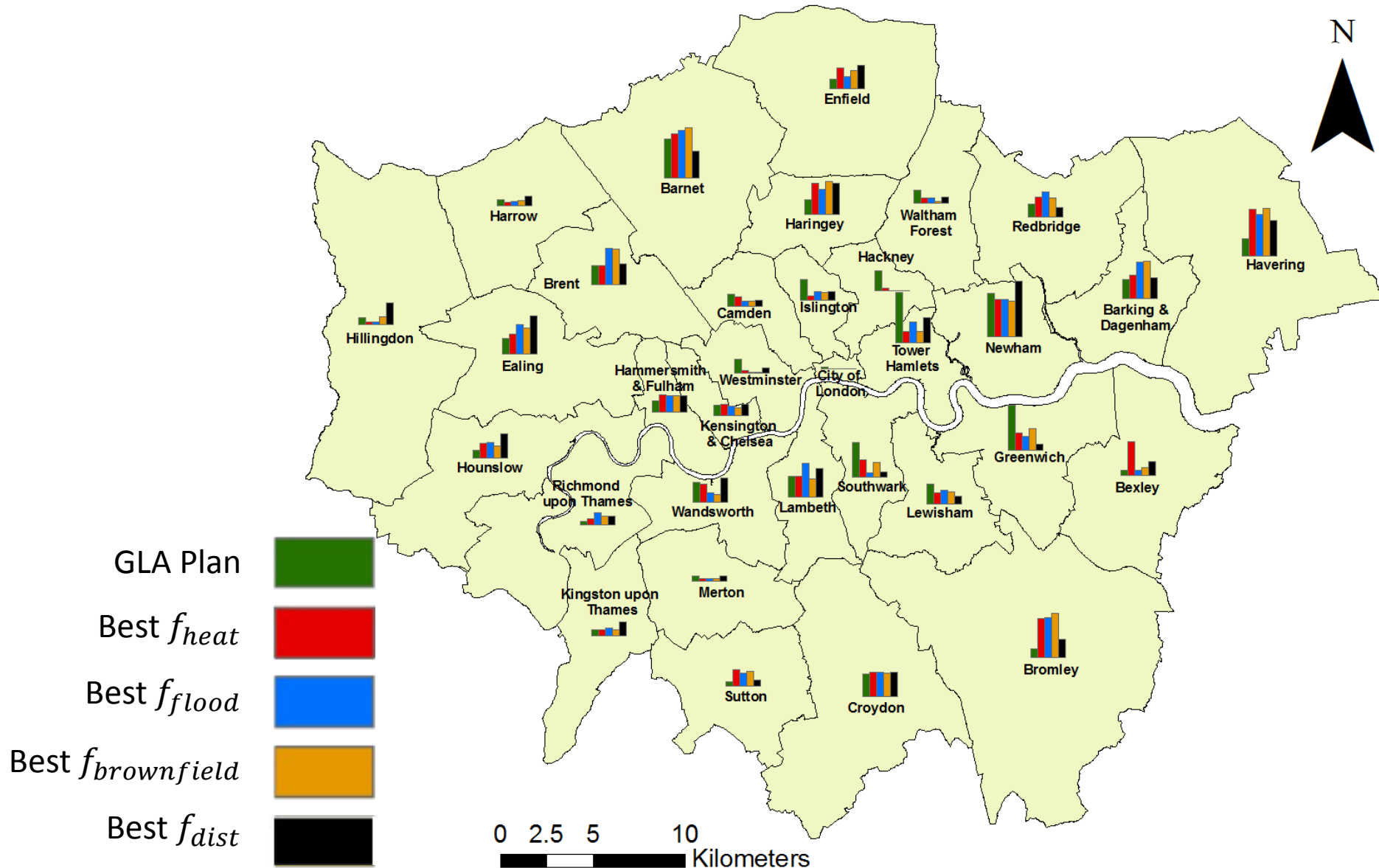


Best f_{dist}



Best
 $f_{brownfield}$

Borough Comparison



Borough Comparison

GLA Plan



Best f_{heat}



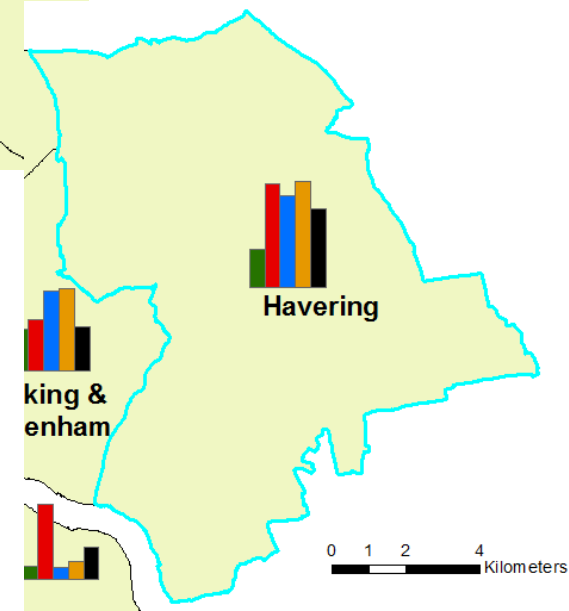
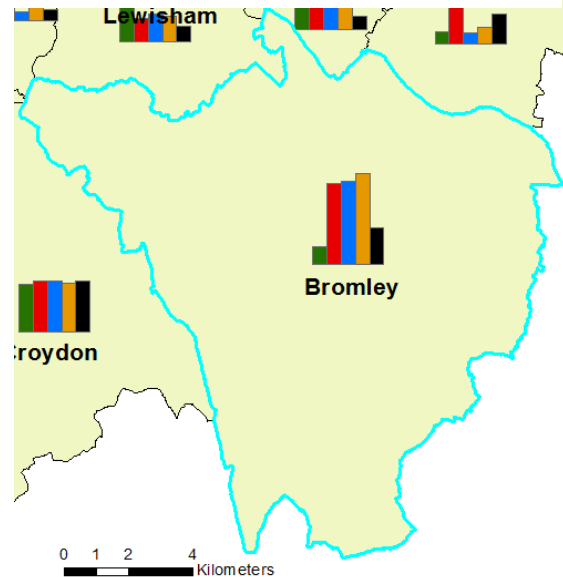
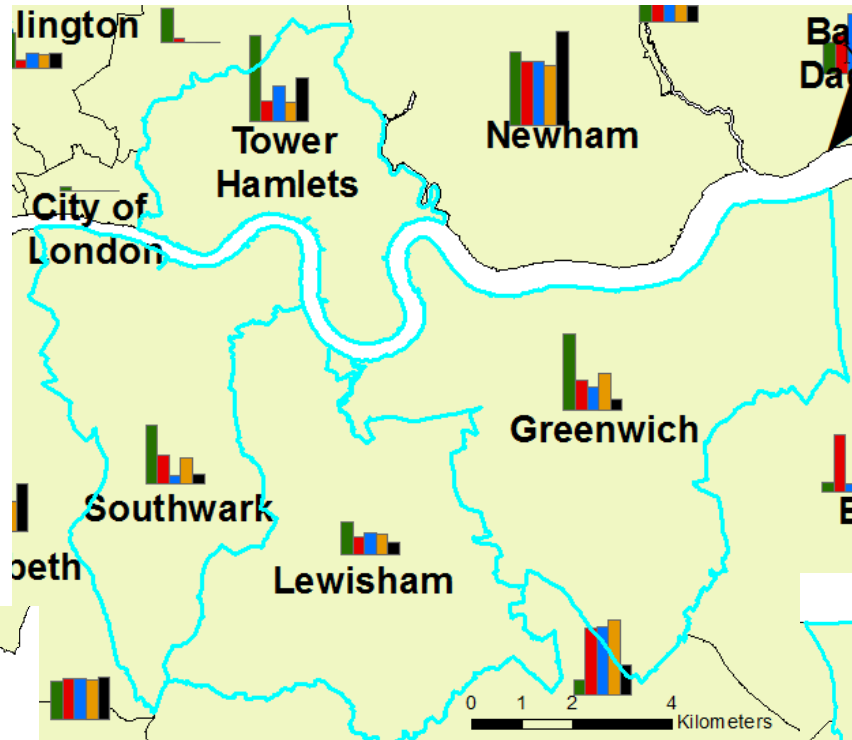
Best f_{flood}



Best $f_{brownfield}$



Best f_{dist}



Conclusion

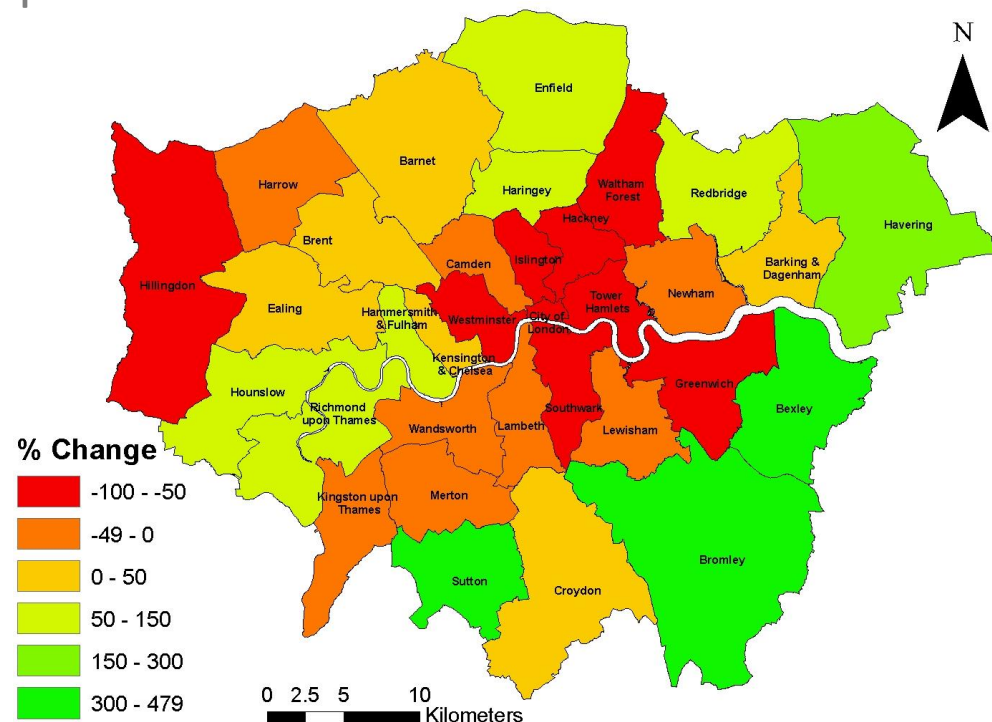
- Robust spatial plans in presence of conflicting risk and sustainability objectives

- Ability to recognise best trade-offs for conflicts and point towards optimal trends

- Further risk and sustainability objectives

- Potential to form decision support tool

% Change from current plan
to optimise f_{heat}



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